## SCHEDULE KREDA

41A720-S16 (10-00)

## TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION SCHEDULE

For	taxab	ie y	ear	ende

Commonwealth of Kentucky REVENUE CABINET

# (FOR A KREDA PROJECT OF C CORPORATIONS)

1	,
Mo.	Yr.

Name of Corporation		Federal Id	Federal Identification Number —			Kentucky Account Number	
Location of Project			Date KREDA Financing Agreement was Executed or Activation Date			Economic Development Project Number	
City County		Mo.	Mo. Day Yr.				
PART I. Computat	ion of Taxable Net Income Exclu	ding Net Income f	rom KREDA	Project			
Kentucky taxable net income from Form 720					1		
2. Less net income from KREDA project. If loss, enter amount of loss. Skip to Part II, line 5, and enter -0- as allowable credit (see instructions) (attach schedule)					2		
Kentucky taxable net income excluding net income from KREDA project (line 1 less line 2)     (if line 2 is greater than line 1, enter -0-)					3		
PART II. Computa	tion of KREDA Tax Credit						
Enter total income tax liability from Form 720, Part II, line 1      Compute tax on amount from Part I, line 3:					1		
	Taxable Net I		Rate	Tax			
(a) First \$25,00	00	X	4%				
(b) Next \$25,0 (c) Next \$50,0	00 00	x	5% 6%				
(d) Next \$150,	000 0000	^	7%				
(e) All over \$2	50,000	x	8.25%				
(f) Total (add	(a) through (e))				2(f)		
3. Income tax liability attributable to KREDA project (subtract line 2(f) from line 1)							
<ol><li>Allowable KRED economic devel and in Column</li></ol>	mn E from Schedule KREDA-T) A tax credit (lesser of line 3 or line 4). opment project, enter the amount fro F of Schedule KREDA-T. If the corpo oject, see instructions for Part II, line	If this project is the comment this line on Form oration has more the	orporation's 720, Part II, Ii	only ne 2,	4		
Industrial De (KREDA), the Revitalization	evelopment project means a project velopment Act (KIDA), the Kentucke Kentucky Jobs Development And Act (KIRA), the Kentucky Economic stment Credit Act (STICA)	sy Rural Economic I ct (KJDA), the Kei Opportunity Zone (K	Development ntucky Indus EOZ) or the S	Act strial skills	5		



Form 720, Kentucky Corporation Income and License Tax Return, including this schedule *must be mailed* to Economic Development Tax Credits, Corporation Tax Section, Revenue Cabinet, P.O. Box 181, Frankfort, Kentucky 40602-0181.

## INSTRUCTIONS—SCHEDULE KREDA

PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE—This schedule is to be used by any corporation which has entered into a financing agreement for a Kentucky Rural Economic Development Act (KREDA) project to determine the credit allowed against the Kentucky corporation income tax liability in accordance with KRS 141.347 on the income from the project.

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

The corporation should first complete Form 720, Kentucky Corporation Income and License Tax Return, and all appropriate schedules through Part II, line 1, to determine Kentucky taxable net income and tax due from the entire operations of the corporation. The corporation must then complete Schedule KREDA to determine the KREDA credit and the Kentucky tax due after application of the KREDA tax credit.

**License Tax**—This credit is applicable only to income tax and cannot be applied against corporation license tax.

Date Financing Agreement was Executed or Activation Date—For projects which received preliminary approval from the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority (KEDFA) prior to July 15, 1996, enter the date the financing agreement was executed. For projects which received preliminary approval from KEDFA after July 15, 1996, enter the date established by the approved company as the activation date for implementation of the inducements authorized by the financing agreement.

### PART I, LINE 2 INSTRUCTIONS

If the corporation's only operation is the KREDA project, the amount entered on line 1 must be entered on line 2. If the corporation has operations other than the KREDA project, the corporation must attach schedules reflecting the computation of the net income from the KREDA project in accordance with the following instructions and enter such amount on line 2.

Separate Facility—In accordance with KRS 141.347(6), if the project is a totally separate facility, net income attributable to the project shall be the net income of the facility determined by the separate accounting method.

Expansion of Existing Facility—In accordance with KRS 141.347(7), if the KREDA project is an expansion to an existing facility, the net income of the entire facility shall be determined by the separate accounting method and multiplied by a percentage approved by the Kentucky Revenue Cabinet to determine net income attributable to the project. A copy of the letter from the Revenue Cabinet approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule.

**Alternative Methods**—In accordance with KRS 141.347(8), if the approved company can show that the

nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use separate accounting to determine net income from the facility at which the project is located, the approved company shall determine net income attributable to the project using an alternative method approved by the Revenue Cabinet. Thus, if any method other than separate accounting is used to determine the net income from the project, a copy of the letter from the Revenue Cabinet approving the alternative method must be attached to this schedule.

Computing Net Income by Separate Accounting—To compute net income from the facility by separate accounting, gross income directly attributable to the facility shall be reduced by expenses directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility. The amounts of gross receipts and expenses to be included in this separate accounting computation should be determined in accordance with KRS 141.010 in effect for the year.

All gross receipts generated by the sale of product(s) produced by the facility as well as any miscellaneous income generated by the facility shall be included as gross income directly attributable to the facility.

Expenses directly attributable to the facility include, but are not limited to: cost of goods sold, labor, rent, depreciation, interest, supplies, maintenance, legal fees and selling expenses.

Overhead expenses apportioned to the facility are general corporate expenses that are not directly attributable to a specific facility. Overhead expenses shall be reduced by income items such as interest, royalties, etc., that are not directly attributable to a specific facility before being apportioned to the facility. The net expenses shall be apportioned to the facility by a ratio of total receipts of the facility over total receipts of the corporation.

### **PART II, LINE 5 INSTRUCTIONS**

A corporation with more than one economic development project must separately compute the income tax credit derived from each project. Complete an applicable tax computation schedule (Schedule KREDA, Schedule KIDA, Schedule KJDA, Schedule KIRA, Schedule KEOZ or Schedule STICA) for each project. Add the allowable credits from all projects. If the total allowable credits from all projects does not exceed the income tax liability reflected on Form 720, Part II, line 1, for the taxable year, enter the total on Form 720, Part II, line 2. If the total allowable credits from all projects exceeds the income tax liability reflected on Form 720, Part II, line 1, for the taxable year, Schedule TCS, Tax Credit Summary Schedule (For C Corporations with More Than One Economic Development Project), must be completed to reflect the amount of credit from each project that is claimed for the taxable year.